

What to do if a problem is NP-hard?

- if input size is small, just solve it
- use an approximation algorithm
(first week after break)
- use a heuristic algorithm
- try a different problem

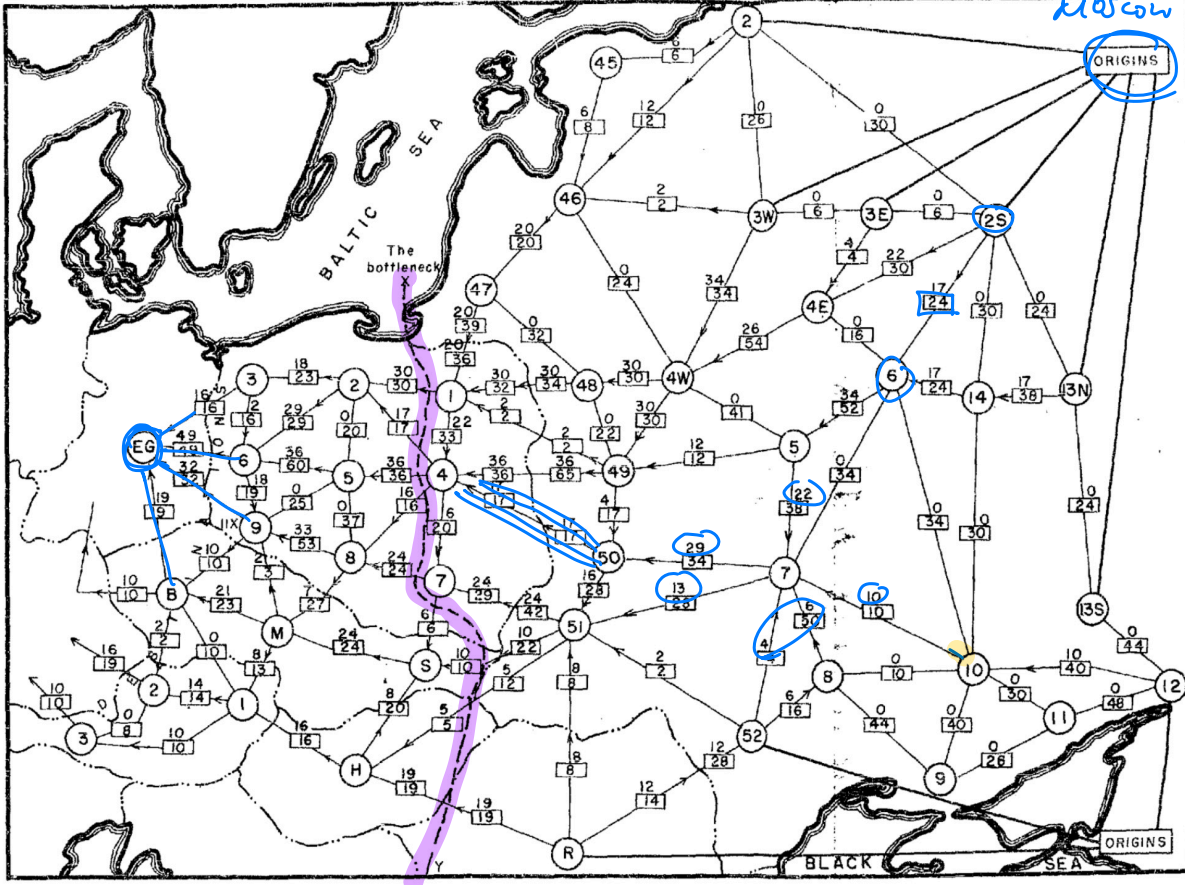
e.g. Ham Path (NP-hard)

Eulerian Path (linear)

→ week 12

- use a SAT solver or an ILP solver
- Solve $P=NP$

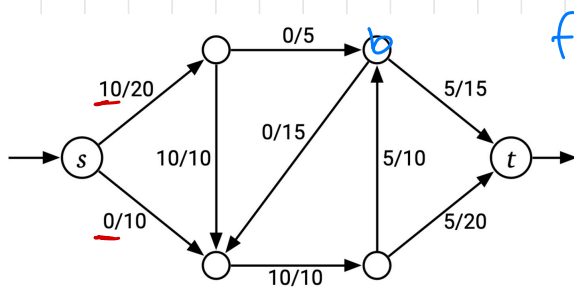
Max Flows / min cuts



Soviet Union: how many trains can I send from Moscow to East Germany

US: what is the min # of train lines to destroy to disconnect Moscow and EG?

Maximum Flow Problem



flow/capacity

$$c((b,t)) = 15$$

input: directed graph $G = (V, E)$

with special nodes s, t

↑ source ↑ target

capacity function $c: E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$

output:

flow function $f: E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$

such that

- for all $v \in V \setminus \{s, t\}$ $\sum_u f(u \rightarrow v) = \sum_w f(v \rightarrow w)$

conservation of flow

- for all $e \in E$ $0 \leq f(e) \leq c(e)$

feasibility

- ① $|f|$?
- ② does it satisfy cons., feas.?
- ③ is it max.?

- $|f| = \sum_w f(s \rightarrow w)$ is maximized

Minimum cut Problem

input: same as max flow

output: partition of verts V into S and T

$$V = S \cup T$$
$$S \cap T = \emptyset$$

↙ "the capacity of the cut"

such that $\|S, T\| = \sum_{v \in S} \sum_{w \in T} c(v \rightarrow w)$ is min.

